

非定常熱擴散利用基本解 Bessel 函數法

靜止的流體其溫度一樣，以 T_{\min} 表示，流體的溫度成 T 時，密度 ρ 亦產生變化。溫度上昇時流體膨漲密度減少而產生浮力，溫度下降時密度增加而下沉，並產生流。考量密度變化的質量守恆方程式如下

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(\rho v_1)}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial(\rho v_2)}{\partial x_2} = 0$$

不考量密度變化的質量守恆方程式如下

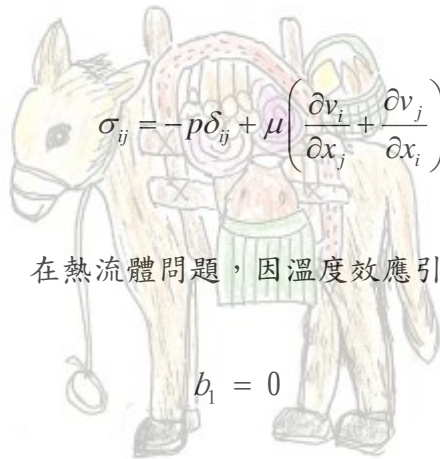
$$\frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x_2} = 0$$

流體的流速分量應滿足下列運動方程式

$$\rho \left(\frac{\partial v_1}{\partial t} + v_1 \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x_1} + v_2 \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x_2} \right) = \frac{\partial \sigma_{11}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{12}}{\partial x_2} + b_1$$

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$$\rho \left(\frac{\partial v_2}{\partial t} + v_1 \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x_1} + v_2 \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x_2} \right) = \frac{\partial \sigma_{21}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{22}}{\partial x_2} + b_2$$



$$\sigma_{ij} = -p\delta_{ij} + \mu \left(\frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial x_i} \right)$$

在熱流體問題，因溫度效應引起的物體力為

$$b_1 = 0$$

$$b_2 = \rho g \beta (T - T_{\min}), \quad \beta = \text{體膨脹率}$$

載滿貨品的驢子



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解析熱流體問題，除連續方程式、運動方程式外必須考量下列能量方程式。

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + v_1 \frac{\partial T}{\partial x_1} + v_2 \frac{\partial T}{\partial x_2} - \frac{k}{\rho c} \left(\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x_2^2} \right) = 0$$

將上式無因次化得

$$Pe(\dot{\theta} + u_j \theta_{,j}) - \theta_{,jj} = 0$$

$$Pe = LU / (k / \rho c)$$

L = 代表長 U = 基準流速
k = 熱傳導率 ρ = 密度 c = 比熱

$$u_j = v_j / U$$

$$\theta = (T - T_{min}) / (T_{max} - T_{min}) \quad T = \text{溫度}$$

將能量方程式及渦度輸送方程式對時間作後退差分，移流項以前時刻者近似得下式

$$Pe \left(\frac{\theta - \tilde{\theta}}{\Delta \tau} + u_j \tilde{\theta}_{,j} \right) - \theta_{,jj} = 0 \quad \text{載滿珠寶的駱駝}$$

$$Re \left(\frac{\omega - \tilde{\omega}}{\Delta \tau} + u_j \tilde{\omega}_{,j} \right) - \theta_{,jj} + f_{2,1} = 0 \quad \text{2011 埃及尼羅河之旅}$$

即得能量方程式如下式

$$\theta - \lambda \theta_{,jj} - S = 0$$

$$S = \tilde{\theta} - \Delta \tau u_j \tilde{\theta}_{,j} \quad \lambda = \Delta \tau / Pe$$

即得渦度方程式如下式

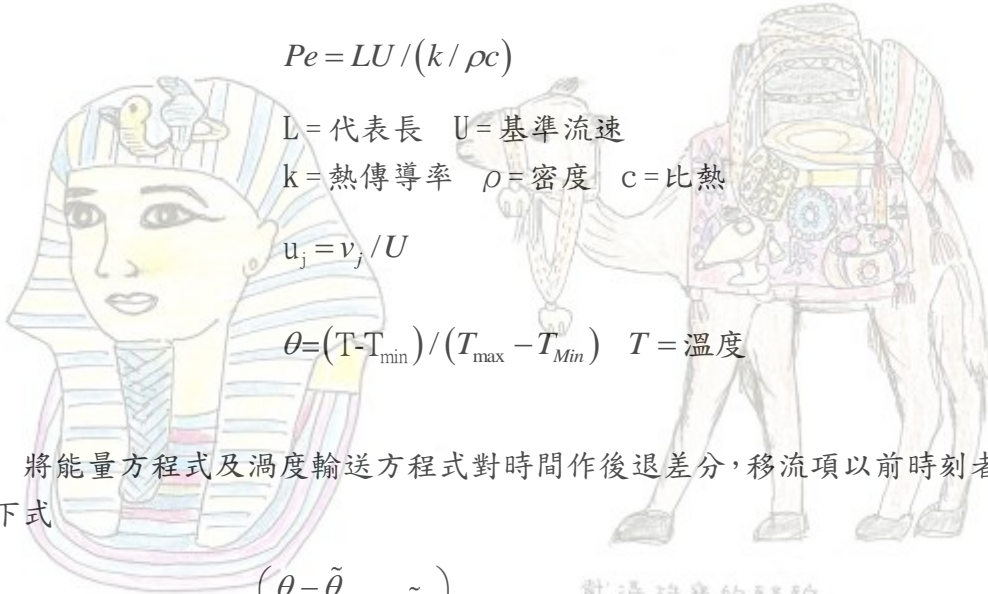
$$\omega - \lambda \omega_{,jj} - S = 0$$

$$S = \tilde{\omega} - \Delta \tau u_j \tilde{\omega}_{,j} + \lambda f_{2,1}, \quad \lambda = \Delta \tau / Re$$

基本解取下列第 2 類變形 Bessel 函數

$$W = \frac{1}{2\pi} K_0 \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \right)$$

經如非定常移流擴散利用 Bessel 函數為基本解同樣推導，可得下列積分方程式



$$\gamma\theta(P) + \int \lambda\theta \frac{\partial W}{\partial n} d\Gamma = \int \lambda W \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} d\Gamma + \int SW d\Omega$$



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